2. Standard English weights (1 lb. Avoirdupois = 38⅓ Rs. weight) are adopted in all the Kotis. Purchasers are requested to take early delivery of the wood and arrange with the District Forest Officers concerned and amongst themselves as to dates of weighment, delivery of wood, etc., so as to obviate delay and clashing.

Terms of sale.—*Vide* revised rules for the sale of sandalwood by public auction (Notification No. 822—Ft. F. 16-96, dated the 5th June 1901) published at pages 382-4, in Part I of the *Mysore Gazette* of the 13th June 1901, which will be duly read out at the time of sale.

SANDALWOOD AUCTION SALE.

Notification dated 18th August 1904.

It is hereby notified for general information that the annual auction sales of sandalwood of the Mysore State will be held at the undermentioned places on the dates specified against each, by the Deputy Commissioner or other officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner, and the Forest Officer of the District :—

District.	Koti.	Date of auction sale.	Approximate quantity in tons.	Remarks.
Mysore ...	Hunsur	19th Nov. 1904.	500	
Do ...	Seringapatam	23rd Nov. 1904.	240	
Bangalore..	Bangalore ...	26th Nov. 1904.	120	Includes Kolar and Tumkur Districts sandal.
Hassan ...	Hassan	1st Dec. 1904.	200	
Kadur ...	Chikmagalur	5th Dec. 1904.	200	
Do ...	Tarikere	8th Dec. 1904.	250	
Shimoga....	Shimoga	12th Dec. 1904.	440	Includes Kadur and Chitaldrug Districts sandal.
Do ...	Sagar	15th Dec. 1904.	175	
Do ...	Tirthahalli	19th Dec. 1904.	175	Includes Kadur District sandal.

2. Details as to quantities and lots to be exposed for sale in each koti with other particulars will be published hereafter about the end of October following.

M. MUTHANNAH,
Conservator of Forests in Mysore.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Notification dated 22nd November 1904.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders will be received up to Saturday the 10th December 1904 by the Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner, Mysore Government, for the supply by contract of Country Medicines, Stationery articles, &c., required for the Medical Stores, Mysore Government, from 1st January to 31st December 1905, both days inclusive.

For particulars *vide* detailed Notification published in the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 24th November 1904.

By Order,
T. S. NANJAPPA,
Personal Asst. to Senior Surgeon & Sany. Comr. with the Government of Mysore.

VICTORIA HOSPITAL, BANGALORE.

1. Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders will be received up to 7 A.M. on Monday the 12th December 1904, by the Surgeon in charge, Victoria Hospital, Bangalore, for the supply by contract of all articles of diet, etc., required for the use of the said Hospital from 1st January to 31st December 1905. The probable quantities required for the year are shown in the annexed schedule.

2. No tenders will be received after the date above mentioned.

3. Tenders to be superscribed "Tenders for the supply of provisions for the Victoria Hospital."

4. Each tender must be accompanied by a Bank or a Treasury receipt for Rs. 200 placed to the credit of the Surgeon in charge, Victoria Hospital, Bangalore.

5. Tenders will be opened by the Surgeon in charge at his office in the Victoria Hospital on Monday the 12th December 1904.

6. All tenders must specify the rate at which the following articles can be supplied in weights and measures (as the case may be) per rupee. All articles so supplied shall be of the best quality; any article rejected shall be forthwith supplied of proper quality, if not, shall be purchased by the Steward and paid for by the contractor.

7. The Surgeon in charge reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason for so doing.

8. The deposit of successful competitor will be retained and will be forfeited if he fails to execute the contract bond or to furnish security to the amount of Rs. 1,000 in cash or Government bonds within one week from the date of the acceptance of his contract being made known to him.

9. No advance of cash will be made to the contractor. Payment for the articles supplied will be made as soon as possible after the 1st of each month.

10. A store room will be made over to the contractor in which he can keep all non-perishable articles. Perishable articles such as meat, etc., must be at the Hospital by 7 A.M. daily, for the inspection of the Resident Medical Officer.

11. The contract must not be sub-let.

12. A fine not exceeding Rs. 50 will be levied at the discretion of the Surgeon in charge for any infringement of the stipulation of the contract or for the supply of inferior articles, and if frequently violated, the contract will be annulled and the security confiscated.

13. The decision of the Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner to the Government of Mysore to be final in all questions of infringement of contract.

14. The contractor should be prepared to supply any other article or articles at market rate in addition to the above as required.

Articles.	Probable quantities required for the year.	Articles.	Probable quantities required for the year.
A. DIET ARTICLES.		Firewood casuarina (in billets to fit the cooking and gas stoves of the Hospital not exceeding 1¾ ft. in length). lbs.	240,000
Arrack ... ... bts.	75	Fish ... ... ,,	100
Arrowroot ... ... lbs.	300	Garlic ... ... ,,	20
Do Speeds ... ... ,,	10	Ghee ... ... ,,	450
Barley ... ... ,,	350	Ice ... ... ,,	1,700
Beef ... ... ,,	50	Lemonade, split ... ... bts.	120
Benger's food ... ...tins.	10	Limes ... ... No.	350
Brand's essence of chicken, tin... No.	150	*Milk (in pints of 20 oz. each)... pts.	50,000
Brand's essence of mutton, tin... ,,	60	Mellin's food ... ... bts.	25
Brandy ... ... bts.	450	Mutton with bone (⅔ meat and ⅓ bones). lbs.	3,000
Bread, 1st sort ... ... lbs.	12,000	Mutton without bone ... ,,	12,000
Butter ... ... ,,	325	Sheep's feet ... ... No.	500
Chicken ... ... No.	7,000	Onions ... ... lbs.	700
Coffee ... ... lbs.	7,000	Pepper ... ... ,,	35
Corn-flour ... ... ,,	50	Potatoes ... ... ,,	700
Curry-stuff (to be prepared according to the ingredients given). ,,	300	Plantains ... ... No.	300
Dal ... ... ,,	1,000	Port wine ... ... bts.	12
Eggs (to weigh 1½ oz. each) ... No.	7,000	Rice, 1st sort, raw... ... lbs.	15,000
Flour, wheat ... ... lbs.	400	Sago ... ... ,,	10

*Cows to be milked in the Hospital in the presence of the Steward.

Articles.		Probable quantities required for the year.
Salt (common) ...	... lbs.	750
Do table ...	... „	15
Soda water splits ...	... bts.	6,000
Sojee ...	... lbs.	2,000
Sugar, white, 1st sort	... „	4,000
Tamarind ...	... „	350
Tea ...	... „	25
Turmeric ...	... „	10
Whisky ...	... bts.	12
Vegetables ...	... lbs.	5,000
B. HOSPITAL NECESSARIES		
Brooms, common ...	... No.	500
Do cocoanut ...	... „	300
Charcoal ...	... lbs.	1,000
Chatties ...	... No.	120
Chimneys, large ...	... „	5
Do medium ...	... „	5
Do small ...	... „	5
Chunam ...	... lbs.	800
Do brushes ...	... No.	12
Coir cocoanut ...	... lbs.	500
Cotton for dressings ...	... „	2,000
Gogles ...	No.	40
Kerosine oil ...	...galls.	3,300
Ladles (cocoanut) ...	... No.	100
Lamp-wick, kerosine, broad ...	yds.	15
Do do narrow.	„	15
Lamp oil ...	... lbs.	50
Match-boxes ...	... No.	600
Mullays ...	... „	500
Mats, common ...	... „	40
Night chatties, broad	... „	100
Sieves, bamboo ...	... „	10
Tar ...	.... lbs.	100
Tin pots ...	... No.	150
Water pots, large ...	... „	12
Do medium	... „	12
Do small ...	... „	...
C. CONTINGENT ARTICLES.		
Baskets, large ...	... No.	100
Buckets, zinc ...	... „	25

Articles.		Probable quantities required for the year.
Books for prescription	... No.	120
Bottles, empty ...	... „	200
Cloth, bandage double breadth.	pieces	600
Do dressing ...	... yds.	700
Do dungry ...	... „	50
Flannel for bandages	... „	70
Funnel, tin ...	... No.	10
Needles ...	... „	200
Safety pins ...	... „	2,000
Soap, bar ...	... lbs.	240
Do carbolic ...	... „	125
Do country ...	... „	480
Do Europe ...	cakes	800
Do monkey brand	„	300
Soap-nut ...	... lbs.	300
Straw ...	bundles	400
Thread sewing cards	... No.	200
D. COUNTRY MEDICINES.		
Alum ...	... lbs.	25
Ammonia Chloride...	... „	100
Bael fruit ...	... No.	100
Bees-wax ...	... lb.	5
Borax ...	... „	5
Camphor ...	... „	15
Chiretta ...	... „	35
Corks ...	... No.	250
Fennal fruit ...	... lb.	5
Ferri sulphur ...	... „	10
Ginger, dry ...	... „	10
Gum, Arabic ...	... „	25
Linseed meal (powder)	... „	5,000
Liquorice root ...	... „	5
Oil, cocoanut ...	... bots.	200
Oil, gingelly ...	... „	50
Potass nitras ...	... lbs.	50
Senna leaves ...	... „	25
Sulphur, country ...	... „	15
Sulphate of copper...	... „	1
Vinegar ...	... bots.	5
Mustard, Europe ...	... „	25

J. SMYTH, M.D., *Lt.-Col., I.M.S.*
Surgeon in charge.

Note on the nature of Malaria, how it is spread, how we may protect ourselves from it and how we must treat the disease.

1. *The Nature of Malaria.*—Not many years ago many believed that malaria was contracted by drinking bad water. It was thought to be something in the water, by swallowing which one caught the "Cold and Fever." Others again thought, that one got malaria from breathing bad air in swampy places, the belief being that it was something in the air, the inhaling of which caused "Cold and Fever." But now it is known that it is nothing which we drink, nor anything which we inhale that causes "Cold and Fever". The cause of it is a very small animal which has to get into the blood, but not by swallowing nor by inhaling.

Where this very small animal came from in the first place it is difficult to say, but what is more important to know is that it lives in the blood of people who have "Cold and Fever," and in many of the people who have not active cold and fever but the big spleen which has resulted from many attacks of this disease.

2. *How the disease is spread.*—The disease is spread from one person to another by means of certain mosquitoes which live in malarious places. These mosquitoes, while taking their regular meal of blood from a person who has the malaria animal in his blood, suck up also many of these animals. The mosquitoes with these animals in their stomachs then go to get a meal of blood from a healthy person, and in doing so they inject the malaria animal into the healthy man who soon developes cold and fever, while myriads of malaria animals are rapidly produced in his blood, and he becomes a source from which mosquitoes may draw infection wherewith to infect other healthy men.

This is the way malaria is spread.

3. *How to protect oneself from Malaria.*—It is clear from the above that if there were no mosquitoes there would be no malaria, and if we could prevent ourselves from being bitten by mosquitoes we should never contract malaria. The lesson is that we must try and get rid of the mosquitoes as far as possible, and if this is not entirely practicable we must keep out of the mosquitoe's way as much as possible. Now in order to maintain the existence of mosquitoes we must allow them a certain amount of stagnant water to breed in. For practical purposes it may be stated that mosquitoes cannot propagate their species without stagnant water. The secret of the extinction of mosquitoes is therefore to see that no stagnant water lies near our houses, that is, not within 500 yards of our houses. All stagnant pools must be drained, and those that cannot be drained ought to have fish grown in them if they are large, or kerosine oil poured on their surface weekly if they are small. A favorite place for malaria mosquitoes to grow is the hoof track of a bullock which may contain a quart or two of water. It is not every kind of mosquito that can spread malaria. The common mosquito that lives in dirty water in the back-yards does not spread malaria. The malaria mosquito likes clean water. Nevertheless it is well to destroy all sorts of mosquitoes, for the other kinds, if they do not spread malaria may spread other disease quite as bad. They all propagate their species in water, so the same procedure that destroys the malaria mosquito destroys the others also. So one must not keep chatties of water standing unemptied for days nor collection of dirty water undrained near the house. If we do we shall certainly be infested by mosquitoes. It is not enough that one house-holder observe these rules, every one in the village must do so. If any single villager neglects these rules he renders void the efforts of all the others, for the mosquitoes he breeds by his carelessness easily find their way into the other houses. Villagers should therefore punish any one of their members who by carelessness endanger their lives or interfere with their comfort in this way. So much for the actual destruction of the mosquito.

The next point to observe is to keep out of the mosquitoe's way as much as possible. As they only bite at night we should not expose ourselves where they exist at night. Workers should be in out of the fields before sun set. Then, if there are mosquitoes in the house itself, various methods are recommended for keeping them at a distance. The best is to sleep under a mosquito net, but only the wealthy can afford this. Filling the room with strong smoke is useful for an hour or so before lying down to rest. But unless the house is absolutely shut up the mosquitoes will come in very soon, and though the sleeper may be unconcious of it he will be bitten and perhaps inoculated with malaria. Smearing the body with certain oils is also of some use.

4. The best medicine to take for this disease is quinine which can be had very cheaply in the Post Offices, etc. For a person above 15 years, ten grains every 8 hours is the proper dose, to be continued for 24 hours after the fever ceases. Between 5 and 15 years, 2½ grains for 5 years and an extra ½ grain for each additional year. An infant 3 months old can take one grain every 8 hours—a year old can take 2 grains, and then ½ grain for each year above this till the 5th year. The medicine often causes noises in the ears but this soon passes off. A purge should always be taken before beginning quinine unless diarrhœa already exist.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders will be received up to 20th December 1904, by the Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner, Mysore Government, for the supply, by contract, of all articles of diet, etc., (as per list), required for the use of the inmates of the Lunatic and Leper Asylums, the Maternity and the Government Eye Infirmary, Bangalore, from 1st January 1905 to 31st December 1905 both days inclusive.

2. No tender will be received after the date above mentioned.

3. Tenders to be superscribed "Tender for the supply of provisions for the Lunatic and Leper Asylums, the Maternity and the Government Eye Infirmary."

4. No tender will be received unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 250 in cash, Currency notes or Government bonds.

5. Tenders will be opened by the Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner, Mysore Government at the Lunatic Asylum on 20th December 1904, in the presence of such tenderers

as may choose to attend at 10 A.M. Forms in which tenders are to be submitted may be obtained from the Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Lunatic and Leper Asylums.

6. The Senior Surgeon reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason for so doing.

7. The deposit of the successful competitor will be retained and will be forfeited if he fails to execute the contract bond or to furnish security to the amount of Rs. 1,000 in cash or Government bonds within three days from the date of the acceptance of his contract being made known to him.

8. No advance of cash will be made to the contractor. Payments for the articles supplied will be made by the respective Medical Officers in charge of the Institutions as soon as possible after the 1st of each month.

9. The contractor must submit his bill in English, for the cash of all articles supplied, with calculations correctly made, by the 5th of each month. Persons who are unable to do this need not compete.

10. A store room will be made over to the contractor in which he can keep all non-perishable articles and at least a month's supply of these should always be kept in the room. All perishable articles such as meat, tyre, etc., should be of the 1st sort and any article of diet rejected should be replaced within an hour. The contingent articles, etc., should be supplied within 24 hours after the receipt of the order.

11. The contract must not be sub-let.

12. A fine not exceeding Rs. 50 will be levied at the discretion of the Medical Officers in charge of the Institutions, for every infringement of the stipulation of the contract or for the supply of any inferior articles; and if the stipulation of the contract be frequently violated, the contract will be annulled and the security confiscated to Government.

13. The decision of the Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner to be final in all questions of the infringement of contract.

14. The contractor will be bound to purchase vegetable from the Lunatic Asylum garden for the use of the inmates, at the rate at which he supplies the same.

15. The sale, at the contractor's room, of any article to the outside public, is strictly prohibited.

List of Diets and other articles with probable quantities required for one year (from 1st January to 31st December 1905) for the inmates of the Lunatic and Leper Asylums, the Maternity and the Government Eye Infirmary.

Articles.			Probable quantity required.	Remarks.
A.—DIETS.				
LUNATIC AND LEPER ASYLUMS.				
I. Full Diets (European and Eurasian).			8,000	
Composition—				
(a) Bread	oz.	12		*(a)* 1st sort.
(b) Rice	,,	8		*(b)* Raw, 2nd sort.
(c) Mutton	,,	7		*(c)* Without bones.
Vegetable	,,	4		
Salt	,,	½		
Ghee	,,	1		*Composition—
Onions	,,	1		lbs. oz.
* Curry stuff	,,	½		Chillies .. 3 0
Garlic	dr.	¼		Coriander .. 3 10
Milk	oz. fl.	6		Black pepper .. 0 8
Coffee	oz.	½		Cummin seed .. 0 2
Potatoes	,,	4		Menthya .. 0 2
Tamarind	,,	½		Turmeric .. 0 10
Firewood	lbs.	2		
(d) Sugar	oz.	2		*(d)* Sugar, brown.
Butter	,,	½		

List of Diets and other articles etc.—*continued.*

Articles.			Probable quantity required.	Remarks.
			1	
II. Mixed Diets (Natives).			60,000	
Composition—				
(*e*) Rice	oz.	14		(*e*) 2nd sort.
(*f*) Ragi flour	"	12		(*f*) 1st sort.
Dhall	"	2		
Vegetable	"	8		
Tyre	"	5		
Mutton *	"	5		*Every other day or fish 3 ounces.
Salt	"	1/2		
Curry stuff	"	1/2		
Ghee	"	1/4		
Onions	"	1/4		
Tamarind	"	1/2		
Garlic	dr.	1/4		
Firewood	lbs.	2		
III. Rice full.			20,000	
	lbs.	oz.		
Rice	1	4		
Dhall		2		
Vegetable		8		
Tyre		8		
Mutton*		5		*Every other day or fish 3 ounces.
Salt		1/2		
Curry stuff		1/2		
Ghee		1/4		
Onions		1/2		
Tamarind		1/2		
Garlic		1/2		
Firewood	2			
IV. Half Diet (Natives).			20,000	
Rice	1	4		
Dhall		2		
Vegetable		8		
Tyre		8		
Mutton*		5		*Every other day or fish 3 ounces.
Salt		1/2		
Curry stuff		1/2		
Ghee		1/4		
Onions		1/2		
Tamarind		1/2		
Garlic		1/2		
Firewood	2			
V. Milk Diets (European and Natives).			3,000	
Milk	2 pts.			
Bread	1 lb.			
Sugar	2 oz.			
VI. Spoon Diet (European and Native).				
Soojee, or	oz.	6		
Speed's arrowroot	"	1		
Milk	pts.	2		
Sugar	oz.	2		

List of Diets and other articles etc.—*continued.*

Articles.			Probable quantity required.	Remarks.
II.—MATERNITY.				
Full Diets (European).			60	
Composition—				
Rice	oz.	12		
Mutton	„	12		
Bread	„	8		
Milk for coffee	„	6		
Butter	„	1		
Coffee powder	dr.	12		
Brown sugar	oz.	1½		
Vegetable	„	8		
Salt	„	1		
Tamarind	dr.	4		
Onions	„	8		
Garlic	„	1		
Curry stuff	„	3		
Pepper	„	4		
Ghee	oz.	1		
Firewood	lbs.	2½		
Half Diets (European).			200	
Composition—				
Rice	oz.	4		
Mutton	„	8		
Bread	„	12		
Milk for coffee	„	8		
Butter	„	1		
Coffee powder	„	1		
Brown sugar	„	2		
Vegetable	„	6		
Salt	„	1		
Tamarind	dr.	4		
Onions	„	8		
Garlic	„	1		
Curry stuff	„	3		
Pepper	„	4		
Ghee	„	8		
Firewood	lbs.	2½		
Milk Diets (European).			600	
Composition—				
Bread	oz.	8		
Milk for coffee	„	8		
Milk for conjee	lbs.	2		
Butter	dr.	8		
Soojee	oz.	4		
White sugar	„	2		
Coffee powder	dr.	12		
Brown sugar	oz.	1½		
Firewood	lbs.	1½		
Spoon Diets (European).			30	
Composition—				
Arrowroot or corn flower	oz.	2		
Milk for tea	„	4		
Milk for coffee	lbs.	2½		
White sugar	oz.	3		
Firewood	lbs.	1¼		
Special Diet (European).			50	
Composition—				
Milk	lbs.	5		
White sugar	oz.	2		

List of Diets and other articles, etc.—*continued.*

Articles.			Probable quantity required.	Remarks.
Half Diets (Native).			1,500	
Composition—				
Rice	lb.	1		
Mutton	oz.	4		
Dhall	,,	1		
Vegetable	,,	6		
Ghee	dr.	8		
Curry stuff	,,	6		
Salt	oz.	1		
Onions	dr.	8		
Tamarind	,,	8		
Garlic	,,	1		
Hoppers	No.	3		
Coffee	dr.	6		
Milk	oz.	3		
Jaggory	dr.	12		
Firewood	lbs.	1½		
Mixed Diets (Native).			250	
Composition—				
Rice	oz.	8		
Mutton	,,	4		
Vegetable	,,	3		
Ghee	dr.	4		
Curry stuff	,,	4		
Salt	,,	8		
Onions	,,	4		
Tamarind	,,	8		
Garlic	,,	1		
Bread	oz.	12		
Coffee	dr.	8		
Milk	oz.	5		
Jaggory	,,	1½		
Firewood	lbs.	1¼		
Milk Diets (Native).			2,600	
Composition—				
Soojee	oz.	4		
Brown sugar	,,	2		
Bread	,,	8		
Coffee	dr.	8		
Milk	lbs.	1¾		
Jaggory	oz.	1½		
Firewood	lbs.	1½		
Spoon Diets (Native).			100	
Composition—				
Milk	lbs.	2¾		
Tea	dr.	8		
Arrowroot	oz.	2		
White sugar	,,	3		
Firewood	lbs.	1¼		
Special Diets (Native).			500	
Milk	lbs.	5		
White sugar	oz.	2		

List of Diets and other articles, etc.—*continued.*

Articles.				Probable quantity required.	Remarks.
GOVERNMENT EYE INFIRMARY.					
II. Full Diets (European).				100	
Composition—					
Coffee	...	...	dr. 12		
Sugar	...	...	oz. 1½		
Milk	...	...	„ 6		
Bread	...	...	lb. 1		
Butter	...	...	oz. 1		
Mutton	...	...	„ 12		
Potatoes	...	...	„ 8		
Vegetable	...	...	„ 4		
Ghee	...	...	dr. 4		
Salt	...	...	oz. 1		
Pepper	...	...	dr. 1		
Onions	...	...	„ 8		
Firewood	...	...	lbs. 2		
Half Diets (European).				100	
Composition—					
Coffee	...	...	dr. 12		
Sugar	...	...	oz. 1½		
Milk	...	...	„ 6		
Bread	...	...	„ 12		
Butter	...	...	„ 1		
Mutton	...	...	„ 8		
Potatoes	...	...	„ 6		
Vegetable	...	...	oz. 4		
Ghee	...	...	dr. 4		
Salt	...	...	oz. 1		
Pepper	...	...	dr. 1		
Onions	...	...	„ 6		
Firewood	...	...	lbs. 2		
Milk Diets (European).				100	
Composition—					
Coffee	...	...	dr. 6		
Sugar	...	...	oz. 1¾		
Milk	...	...	pts. 2		
Bread	...	...	lb. 1		
Butter	...	...	oz. ½		
Rice	...	...	„ 4		
Salt	...	...	dr. 8		
Firewood	...	...	lb. 1¼		
Full Diets (Native).				2,000	
Composition—					
Rice	...	...	lb. 1¼		
Mutton	...	...	oz. 4		
Dhall	...	...	„ 1		
Vegetable	...	...	„ 6		
Ghee	...	...	dr. 8		
Curry powder	...	...	„ 6		
Salt	...	...	oz. 1		
Onions	...	...	dr. 8		
Tamarind	...	...	„ 8		
Garlic	...	...	„ ¼		
Tyre	...	...	oz. 4		
Firewood	...	...	lb. 1½		

List of Diets and other articles etc.—*continued.*

Articles.			Probable quantity.	Remarks.
Half Diets (Native).			5,000	
Composition—				
Rice	lb.	1		
Mutton	oz.	4		
Dhall	,,	1		
Vegetables	,,	6		
Ghee	dr.	8		
Curry powder	,,	6		
Salts	,,	14		
Onions	,,	8		
Tamarind	,,	8		
Garlic	,,	¼		
Tyre	oz.	4		
Firewood	lb.	1½		
Milk Diets (Native).			1,000	
Composition—				
*Rice	oz.	14		*N. B.*—One pound of bread may be given when preferred instead of rice and soojee.
*Soojee	,,	7½		
Milk	pts.	2		
Sugar	oz.	2		
Salt	dr.	4		
Firewood	lb.	1¼		

N. B.—The rate of each of the articles constituting several diets mentioned above should also be given, milk in imperial pints per rupee and other articles in pounds and ounces per rupee.

Articles.			Probable quantity.	Remarks.
B. Other Diet Articles.				
Barley corn	lbs.		100	
Beef	lb.		3	
Chicken	No.		25	
Bread	lbs.		80	
Milk	,,		900	
Mutton	,,		25	
Eggs	No.		300	
Coffee	lbs.		4	
Pepper	,,		3	
Onions	,,		12	
Salt	,,		16	
Cocoanut	No.		100	
Ghee	lbs.		1,000	
Jaggory	,,		500	
Brown sugar	,,		500	
Ice	,,		200	
Tea	,,		100	
Firewood	,,		100,000	
Table salt	,,		50	
White sugar	,,		200	
Rice			10,000	
C. Wine and Spirits.				
Brandy Exsha No. 2	bottles		120	
Gin	flask		24	
Arrack	bottles		480	

List of Diets and other articles etc.—*continued*.

Articles.		Probable quantity	Remarks.
D. Hospital Necessaries.			
Baskets	No.	600	
Brooms, common	„	3,000	
Brooms, cocoanut	„	2,000	
Charcoal	lbs.	1,000	
Chatties	No.	100	
Chimneys, large	„	25	
Ditto medium	„	25	
Ditto small	„	100	
Chunam	lbs.	10,000	
Cooking pots, large	No.	12	
Do medium	„	24	
Do small	„	48	
Coir cocoanut	lbs.	250	
Coir ropes for drawing water	No.	120	
Cotton	lbs.	100	
Flower pots	No.	100	
Goglets	„	30	
Kerosine oil	bottles	5,000	
Landles (cocoanut)	No.	50	
Lamp wick, kerosine, broad,	yards.	100	
Do do narrow	„	100	
Lamp oil do	bottles	100	
Lamp thread do	lbs.	48	
Linseed oil do	bottles	36	
Match boxes do	No.	500	
Mats date	„	1,500	
Marking nut	seers	12	
Mullays	No.	1,000	
Munthays	„	1,000	
Night chatties	„	1,000	
Pipe clay	lbs.	48	
Sieves bamboo	No.	25	
Tar	lbs.	2,000	
Tin lotas	No.	1,000	
Tin plates	„	1,000	
Reuzdin	lbs.	12	
Wood oil	bottles	4	
Indigo	boxes	3	
Tin pots	No.	500	
Water pots, earthen, large	„	200	
Do medium	„	200	
Do small	„	300	
White lead	lbs.	100	
E. Contingent Articles.			
Arecanut	lbs.	250	
Beetle leaves, bundle of 100	bdls	1,000	
Leaves	„	1,000	
Candles	No.	150	
Cocoanut oil	bottles	100	
Cloth, bandage, thin	yds.	1,000	
Do dressing	„	200	
Do dungry	„	100	
Flannel	„	100	
Flannel, thin	„	50	
Gingelly oil	bottles	200	
Lemonade	„	100	
Phenyle	lbs.	500	
Soap, bar (beachs)	„	20	
Do carbolic	No.	100	
Do country	lbs.	50	

List of Diets and other articles, etc.—*concluded.*

Articles.		Probable quantity.	Remarks.
E. Contingent Articles.—concluded.			
Soap Europe	cakes	200	
Soap nut	lbs.	200	
Soda water	bottles	100	
Tobacco	lbs.	200	
Towels	No.	200	
F. Country Medicines.			
Alum	lbs.	50	
Campher	,,	100	
Chirata	,,	25	
Pot nitras	,,	30	
Cubebs	,,	30	
Senna	,,	30	
Sulphur	,,	100	
Amonium chloride	,,	72	
Fennel Imail	,,	100	
Liquorice root	,,	200	
Ginger	,,	75	
Assafœteda	,,	3	
Bondue nut	,,	12	
Pharbites	,,	30	
Mustard	balls	9	
G. Manufacture Department Articles.			
Catechu, black	lbs.	200	
Cat gut	yds.	100	
Reeds	No.	500	
Thread, black, No. 10	mds.	50	
Do black No. 20	,,	50	
Do green, No. 40	,,	5	
Do red, No. 40	,,	10	
Do white, No. 10	,,	50	
Do white, No. 30	,,	40	
Do Yellow, No. 40	,,	30	
Wool, grey, chunam	,,	60	
Do shoru	,,	20	
Do black	,,	30	
Do white	,,	30	

J. SMYTH, M. D., *Lt.-Col.*, I. M. S.,
Offg. Sr. Surgn. & Sany. Comr., M. G.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification dated 9th November 1904.

It is hereby notified for the general information of the public that the travellers' bungalow at Dodballapur will be closed to travellers, from 1st to 7th December 1904, both days inclusive, as it will be required for the occupation of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, from the 4th to the 6th December 1904.

Abstract Notification dated 14th November 1904.

It is hereby notified that the marginally noted Inam village will be sold by public auction in the office of the Amildar of the Taluk, on the 23rd December 1904, on account of arrears of revenue due by the Inamdar.

Jodi Basanayakanhalli, Jala Hobli, Devanhalli Taluk.

(For full particulars, see page 1349 of Part II of *Mysore Gazette* No. 46, dated 24th November 1904.)